## AMENDMENT TO

## RULES COMMITTEE PRINT FOR HR 6395 OFFERED BY MR. SCHRADER OF OREGON

At the end of title XVII add the following:

## Subtitle F—Advancing Emergency

- 2 Preparedness Through One
- 3 Health Act
- 4 SEC. 1751. FINDINGS.
- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) The term "One Health" reflects the inter7 connectedness of human health, animal health, and
  8 the environment. As technology and population
  9 growth facilitates increased interaction of human
  10 settlements with wildlife habitats and as inter-
- 11 national travel and trade increases, the interface be-
- tween these elements will also continue to rise.
- there are often enormous health and economic costs.

(2) When zoonotic diseases spillover to humans,

- The World Bank estimates that, between 1997 and
- 16 2009, the global costs from six zoonotic outbreaks
- exceeded \$80,000,000,000 and the Centers for Dis-
- ease Control and Prevention estimates that there are

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1	annually 2,500,000,000 cases of zoonotic infections
2	globally, resulting in 2,700,000 deaths.
3	(3) There are also immense effects on the agri-
4	culture sector. In 2014 and 2015, a high pathogenic
5	avian influenza (HPAI) outbreak in the United
6	States led to the cull of nearly 50,000,000 birds
7	and imposed up to approximately \$3,300,000,000 in
8	losses for poultry and egg farmers, animal feed pro-
9	ducers, baked good production, and other related in-
10	dustries.
11	(4) Public health preparedness depends on agri-
12	culture in a variety of ways. For example, a wide
13	range of vaccines, including those for influenza, yel-
14	low fever, rabies, and measles-mumps-rubella
15	(MMR), are primarily cultivated in poultry eggs.
16	Egg shortages resulting from zoonotic disease out-
17	breaks could impose serious risks to vaccine manu-
18	facturing efforts.
19	(5) It is estimated that approximately 80 per-
20	cent of potential pathogens likely to be used in bio-
21	terrorism or biowarfare are common zoonotic patho-
22	gens.
23	(6) While existing Federal Government initia-
24	tives related to One Health span multiple agencies
25	including the Centers for Disease Control and Pre-

1	vention One Health office and the Department of
2	Agriculture Animal and Plant Health Inspection
3	Services' One Health Coordination Center, addi-
4	tional interagency coordination is necessary to help
5	better prevent, prepare for, and respond to zoonotic
6	disease outbreaks.
7	SEC. 1752. INTERAGENCY ONE HEALTH PROGRAM.
8	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Health and
9	Human Services and the Secretary of Agriculture (re-
10	ferred to in this subtitle as the "Secretaries"), in coordina-
11	tion with the United States Agency for International De-
12	velopment, the Environmental Protection Agency, the De-
13	partment of Homeland Security, the Department of the
14	Interior, the Department of Defense, the Department of
15	Commerce, and other departments and agencies as appro-
16	priate, shall develop, publish, and submit to Congress a
17	national One Health Framework (referred to in this Act
18	as the "framework") for coordinated Federal Activities
19	under the One Health Program.
20	(b) NATIONAL ONE HEALTH FRAMEWORK.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
22	the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secre-
23	taries, in cooperation with the United States Agency
24	for International Development, the Environmental
25	Protection Agency, the Department of Homeland Se-

1	curity, the Department of the Interior, the Depart-
2	ment of Defense, the Department of Commerce, and
3	other departments and agencies as appropriate, shall
4	develop, publish, and submit to Congress a One
5	Health Framework (referred to in this section as the
6	"framework") for coordinated Federal activities
7	under the One Health Program.
8	(2) Contents of Framework.—The frame-
9	work described in paragraph (1) shall describe exist-
10	ing efforts and contain recommendations for build-
11	ing upon and complementing the activities of the
12	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the
13	Food and Drug Administration, the Office of the As-
14	sistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response,
15	the Department of Agriculture, the United States
16	Agency for International Development, the Environ-
17	mental Protection Agency, the National Institutes of
18	Health, the Department of Homeland Security, the
19	Department of the Interior, the Department of the
20	Interior, and other departments and agencies, as ap-
21	propriate, and shall—
22	(A) assess, identify, and describe, as ap-
23	propriate, existing activities of Federal agencies
24	and departments under the One Health Pro-

1	gram and consider whether all relevant agencies
2	are adequately represented;
3	(B) for the 10-year period beginning in the
4	year the framework is submitted, establish spe-
5	cific Federal goals and priorities that most ef-
6	fectively advance—
7	(i) scientific understanding of the con-
8	nections between human, animal, and envi-
9	ronmental health;
10	(ii) coordination and collaboration be-
11	tween agencies involved in the framework
12	including sharing data and information,
13	engaging in joint fieldwork, and engaging
14	in joint laboratory studies related to One
15	Health;
16	(iii) identification of priority zoonotic
17	diseases and priority areas of study;
18	(iv) surveillance of priority zoonotic
19	diseases and their transmission between
20	animals and humans;
21	(v) prevention of priority zoonotic dis-
22	eases and their transmission between ani-
23	mals and humans;
24	(vi) protocol development to improve
25	joint outbreak response to and recovery

1	from zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals
2	and humans; and
3	(vii) workforce development to prevent
4	and respond to zoonotic disease outbreaks
5	in animals and humans;
6	(C) describe specific activities required to
7	achieve the goals and priorities described in
8	subparagraph (B), and propose a timeline for
9	achieving these goals;
10	(D) identify and expand partnerships, as
11	appropriate, among Federal agencies, States,
12	Indian tribes, academic institutions, nongovern-
13	mental organizations, and private entities in
14	order to develop new approaches for reducing
15	hazards to human and animal health and to
16	strengthen understanding of the value of an in-
17	tegrated approach under the One Health Pro-
18	gram to addressing public health threats in a
19	manner that prevents duplication;
20	(E) identify best practices related to State
21	and local-level research coordination, field ac-
22	tivities, and disease outbreak preparedness, re-
23	sponse, and recovery related to One Health; and
24	(F) provide recommendations to Congress
25	regarding additional action or legislation that

1	may be required to assist in establishing the
2	One Health Program.
3	(3) Addendum.—Not later than 3 years after
4	the creation of the framework, the Secretary, in co-
5	ordination with the agencies described in paragraph
6	(1), shall submit to Congress an addendum to the
7	framework that describes the progress made in ad-
8	vancing the activities described in the framework.
9	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—To carry
10	out this section, there is authorized to be appropriated
11	such sums as may be necessary.
12	SEC. 1753. GAO REPORT.
13	Not later than 2 years after the date of the submis-
14	sion of the addendum under section 1752(b)(3), the
15	Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to
16	Congress a report that—
17	(1) details existing collaborative efforts between
18	the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the
19	Food and Drug Administration, the Department of
20	Agriculture, the United States Agency for Inter-
21	national Development, the Environmental Protection
22	Agency, the National Institutes of Health, the De-
23	partment of Homeland Security, the Department of
24	the Interior, and other departments and agencies to

prevent and respond to zoonotic disease outbreaks in animals and humans; and (2) contains an evaluation of the framework and the specific activities requested to achieve the framework.

